

croatian bureau of statistics

croatian bureau of statistics serves as the principal government institution responsible for collecting, analyzing, and disseminating statistical data in Croatia. This organization plays a vital role in providing accurate and timely information to support decision-making processes in public administration, business, and research. The Croatian Bureau of Statistics compiles a wide range of data covering demographics, economy, labor market, environment, and social indicators. Its activities ensure transparency and foster informed policy development by offering reliable statistical insights. This article explores the history, functions, data collection methods, and key publications of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. Additionally, it highlights the bureau's role in international cooperation and digital transformation efforts, providing a comprehensive understanding of its operations and significance.

- Overview of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics
- Historical Development
- Core Functions and Responsibilities
- Data Collection and Methodologies
- Key Statistical Publications
- International Cooperation and Standards
- Digital Transformation and Future Directions

Overview of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS) is the official governmental agency tasked with the systematic collection, analysis, and publication of statistical data related to Croatia's social, economic, and environmental conditions. Operating under the authority of the Croatian government, the bureau ensures that statistical information is produced in line with international standards and national requirements. The CBS provides essential data that supports policy formulation, economic planning, and academic research. Its outputs are widely used by government institutions, private sector entities, media, and the general public. By maintaining high standards of data quality and transparency, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics contributes significantly to evidence-based governance and societal development.

Organizational Structure

The organizational structure of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics is designed to facilitate efficient data management and service delivery. It comprises various departments specialized in different statistical domains such as population, economy, agriculture, environment, and social statistics.

Each department is staffed with experts who oversee data collection, processing, analysis, and dissemination. The bureau is led by a director appointed by the government, supported by a management team responsible for strategic planning and coordination. This hierarchical setup ensures operational effectiveness and adherence to the bureau's mission and objectives.

Legal Framework

The operations of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics are governed by national legislation that establishes its authority, responsibilities, and obligations. The primary legal framework includes the Statistics Act, which mandates the bureau to collect data from various sources while ensuring confidentiality and data protection. This legislation also outlines the bureau's role in coordinating statistical activities across public institutions and defines standards for quality assurance. Compliance with legal requirements guarantees the credibility and reliability of the statistical outputs provided by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics.

Historical Development

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics has a rich history that reflects the evolution of statistical practices in the country. Its origins date back to the 19th century when the first formal statistical activities were initiated during the Austro-Hungarian period. Over time, the institution underwent significant transformations, adapting to changing political and social contexts. After Croatia gained independence, the bureau expanded its scope and modernized its methodologies to align with European Union statistical standards. This historical progression highlights the bureau's commitment to continuous improvement and modernization.

Early Beginnings

Statistical activities in Croatia began in the mid-1800s with the establishment of regional statistical offices responsible for collecting demographic and economic data. These early efforts laid the foundation for systematic statistical work, focusing primarily on population censuses and agricultural statistics. The bureau evolved through various administrative reforms and was influenced by international developments in statistical science. These formative years were crucial in shaping the institutional identity of what would become the Croatian Bureau of Statistics.

Modernization in the 20th Century

Throughout the 20th century, the bureau underwent modernization to improve data accuracy and expand its coverage. The introduction of new data collection technologies, such as computerized processing and sample surveys, enhanced its capacity to produce comprehensive statistics. Following Croatia's independence in the 1990s, the bureau intensified efforts to harmonize its methodologies with European Union standards, enabling better integration into international statistical systems. This period marked a significant leap toward establishing a robust and internationally recognized statistical authority.

Core Functions and Responsibilities

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics performs a wide array of functions aimed at producing high-quality statistical information. Its responsibilities encompass data collection, processing, analysis, publication, and dissemination. The bureau also coordinates statistical activities across governmental bodies to ensure consistency and avoid duplication. By fulfilling these functions, the CBS supports policy-makers, businesses, researchers, and the public with reliable data essential for informed decisions.

Data Collection and Management

One of the primary functions of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics is to collect data from various sources including surveys, administrative records, and censuses. The bureau designs and implements statistical surveys covering topics such as population demographics, labor market conditions, economic performance, agriculture, environment, and social issues. Data management processes ensure that collected information is validated, processed, and stored securely following strict quality and confidentiality standards.

Statistical Analysis and Reporting

After data collection, the bureau conducts thorough statistical analysis to extract meaningful insights and trends. Analytical activities involve the use of advanced statistical techniques and software to interpret data accurately. The results are compiled into reports, bulletins, and databases that provide comprehensive overviews of Croatia's socio-economic status. These outputs enable stakeholders to monitor development indicators, assess policy impacts, and identify emerging challenges.

Coordination and Standardization

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics coordinates statistical work among various governmental institutions to promote standardization and harmonization. This role ensures that statistical methodologies and definitions are consistent across different sectors, facilitating comparability and integration of data. The bureau also provides methodological guidance and training to other organizations involved in statistical activities, enhancing the overall quality of national statistics.

Data Collection and Methodologies

Effective data collection and robust methodologies are fundamental to the credibility of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. The bureau employs a combination of traditional and modern techniques to gather comprehensive and accurate data. Adherence to international best practices and standards is a priority, ensuring that statistics produced meet the needs of diverse users while maintaining scientific rigor.

Population and Housing Censuses

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics conducts population and housing censuses at regular intervals, typically every ten years. These censuses provide detailed information on demographic characteristics, housing conditions, and socio-economic status of residents. The data collected during censuses serve as a critical baseline for various statistical analyses and policy planning. The bureau utilizes both direct enumeration and administrative data sources to maximize coverage and accuracy.

Sample Surveys

In addition to censuses, the bureau conducts numerous sample surveys to collect data on specific topics such as employment, income, education, and health. These surveys use scientifically designed sampling methods to ensure representativeness while optimizing resource use. The Croatian Bureau of Statistics applies rigorous questionnaire design, pilot testing, and quality control procedures to enhance data validity and reliability.

Use of Administrative Data

To complement survey data, the bureau increasingly integrates administrative data from government registers and institutions. This approach reduces respondent burden and improves data timeliness. Administrative records provide valuable information on areas such as business activities, tax records, social security, and education. The bureau implements data linkage and validation techniques to ensure coherence between administrative and survey data sources.

Key Statistical Publications

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics produces a wide range of publications that disseminate statistical findings to various audiences. These publications are designed to present data in accessible formats, including analytical reports, statistical yearbooks, bulletins, and online databases. The bureau prioritizes transparency and user-friendliness to facilitate the practical use of statistics across sectors.

Statistical Yearbook

The Statistical Yearbook of Croatia is one of the bureau's flagship publications, providing an annual comprehensive overview of key statistical indicators. It covers demographic trends, economic performance, social conditions, environmental data, and other vital statistics. The yearbook serves as a valuable reference for government officials, researchers, and the public seeking in-depth statistical information.

Monthly and Quarterly Bulletins

The bureau releases regular bulletins that focus on timely topics such as labor market updates,

inflation rates, industrial production, and trade statistics. These bulletins offer short-term analyses that help monitor economic and social developments. They are widely used by media, policymakers, and analysts for current information and trend analysis.

Online Data Portals

To enhance accessibility, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics maintains online data portals where users can access databases, interactive charts, and downloadable datasets. These digital platforms allow customized data retrieval and facilitate comparative analysis. The bureau continuously updates these portals to reflect the latest statistical releases and user needs.

International Cooperation and Standards

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics actively participates in international statistical networks and adheres to global standards to ensure comparability and quality. Collaboration with organizations such as Eurostat, the United Nations Statistics Division, and the OECD enables the bureau to align its methodologies with best practices and contribute to regional and global statistical initiatives.

Membership in International Organizations

Croatia's membership in the European Union has strengthened the bureau's engagement with Eurostat, the statistical office of the EU. This relationship facilitates data exchange, technical assistance, and harmonization of statistical standards. The bureau also collaborates with international bodies to support capacity building, methodological development, and the implementation of statistical programs.

Compliance with Statistical Standards

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics follows international statistical guidelines including the System of National Accounts (SNA), International Labour Organization (ILO) standards, and the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics. Compliance ensures that national statistics are reliable, comparable, and meet the requirements of international users. The bureau continuously updates its practices to reflect evolving standards and innovations in statistical science.

Participation in Global Statistical Initiatives

The bureau contributes to global statistical efforts such as the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) monitoring by producing relevant indicators and reports. Participation in these initiatives enhances the visibility of Croatian data on the world stage and supports global development agendas. The Croatian Bureau of Statistics also engages in international conferences and working groups to exchange knowledge and expertise.

Digital Transformation and Future Directions

In recent years, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics has embraced digital technologies to improve data collection, processing, and dissemination. The digital transformation strategy aims to enhance efficiency, data quality, and user experience by adopting innovative tools and methodologies. These advancements position the bureau to meet future challenges and evolving data demands.

Implementation of E-Statistical Tools

The bureau has introduced electronic data collection methods such as online surveys and mobile data capture, reducing paper-based processes and increasing response rates. E-statistical tools allow for faster data processing, real-time quality control, and improved accuracy. This modernization benefits both the bureau and respondents by streamlining interactions and minimizing errors.

Data Integration and Big Data Use

Exploring the integration of big data sources and administrative records is a key focus area for the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. Leveraging big data analytics enables the bureau to generate more timely and granular insights while optimizing resource use. Efforts are underway to develop frameworks for the ethical and secure use of alternative data sources in official statistics.

Enhancing User Accessibility

The bureau continues to upgrade its online platforms and visualization tools to make statistical data more accessible and understandable to diverse users. Interactive dashboards, customizable reports, and open data initiatives facilitate wider data utilization and transparency. Future plans include expanding user engagement and feedback mechanisms to tailor statistical products to evolving needs.

Summary of Strategic Priorities

- Modernizing statistical infrastructure and processes
- Expanding use of digital and administrative data sources
- Strengthening international cooperation and compliance
- Improving data accessibility and user support
- Ensuring data privacy and ethical standards

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the primary role of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics?

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics is responsible for collecting, processing, and publishing statistical data related to Croatia's economy, population, and society to support decision-making and policy development.

Where can I access data published by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics?

Data published by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics can be accessed on their official website, which provides various statistical reports, databases, and publications for public use.

How frequently does the Croatian Bureau of Statistics conduct a population census?

The Croatian Bureau of Statistics conducts a population census approximately every ten years, with the most recent census conducted in 2021.

What types of statistical information are available from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics?

The bureau provides statistical information on demographics, economy, labor market, agriculture, education, health, environment, and other social and economic indicators.

Is the data from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics available in English?

Yes, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics offers many of its reports and key data sets in English to facilitate international access and understanding.

How does the Croatian Bureau of Statistics ensure the accuracy and reliability of its data?

The bureau follows international statistical standards and methodologies, employs rigorous data collection and validation processes, and collaborates with other national and international statistical organizations to ensure data accuracy and reliability.

Can researchers and businesses request custom statistical data from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics?

Yes, the Croatian Bureau of Statistics provides services for custom data requests and statistical analyses to researchers, businesses, and government institutions upon application.

Additional Resources

1. *Understanding Croatian Demographics: Insights from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics*

This book provides an in-depth analysis of demographic trends in Croatia using data from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. It explores population growth, migration patterns, age distribution, and urbanization. Readers will gain a comprehensive understanding of how statistical data shapes policy and social planning in Croatia.

2. *Economic Indicators of Croatia: A Statistical Perspective*

Focusing on Croatia's economic development, this book interprets key economic indicators collected by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. Topics include GDP growth, employment rates, inflation, and trade balances. The book is essential for economists, policymakers, and students interested in Croatia's economic landscape.

3. *Social Statistics in Croatia: Analyzing Trends and Policies*

This publication examines social statistics related to education, health, housing, and social welfare in Croatia. Utilizing reports from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics, it discusses how data informs social policies and highlights areas requiring government attention. The book serves as a valuable resource for social scientists and public administrators.

4. *The Role of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics in National Development*

This book explores the history, structure, and functions of the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. It emphasizes the bureau's critical role in collecting, processing, and disseminating data that supports Croatia's development goals. Case studies demonstrate the bureau's impact on policy-making and economic planning.

5. *Statistical Methods and Practices in Croatia: A Guide from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics*

Intended for statisticians and researchers, this guide details the methodologies employed by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. It covers survey design, data collection techniques, and data quality assurance processes. Readers will learn how statistical standards are maintained to ensure reliable and accurate information.

6. *Croatian Labor Market in Numbers: Data from the Croatian Bureau of Statistics*

This book presents a detailed examination of Croatia's labor market using official statistics. It covers employment trends, unemployment rates, wage analysis, and workforce demographics. The analysis helps understand the challenges and opportunities within the Croatian labor market.

7. *Environmental Statistics in Croatia: Trends and Challenges*

Using data provided by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics, this book discusses environmental indicators such as air and water quality, waste management, and natural resource usage. It highlights Croatia's environmental challenges and the statistical efforts to monitor sustainability. The book is useful for environmentalists, policymakers, and researchers.

8. *Population Census in Croatia: Methodologies and Outcomes*

This comprehensive work details the processes and results of population censuses conducted by the Croatian Bureau of Statistics. It explains census methodologies, data collection techniques, and how census data influences national planning. The book also compares different census periods to show demographic changes over time.

9. *Regional Development and Statistical Analysis in Croatia*

Focusing on regional disparities and development, this book uses data from the Croatian Bureau of

Statistics to analyze economic and social indicators across Croatian regions. It identifies growth patterns, development gaps, and policy implications aimed at achieving balanced regional progress. The book is relevant for regional planners and government officials.

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croatian bureau of statistics: *Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS)*. , Features the Croatian Bureau of Statistics (CBS), based in Zagreb, Croatia. Describes county statistical offices and CBS publications. Links to other statistical resources and organizations.

croatian bureau of statistics: Families and Family Values in Society and Culture Isabelle Albert, Mirza Emirhafizovic, Carmit-Noa Shpigelman, Ursula Trummer, 2021-05-01 This book which has been created in the framework of the EU-funded COST Action INTERFASOL brings together researchers from 22 INTERFASOL countries, who frame intergenerational family solidarity in the specific historical, cultural, social and economic context of their own country. Integrating different perspectives from social and political sciences, economics, communication, health and psychology, the book offers country-specific knowledge and new insights into family relations, family values and family policies across Europe. Praise for Families and Family Values in Society and Culture: This comprehensive study of families in Europe reveals the strength and variation in family solidarity and values. By drawing together detailed descriptions of continuity and change, Families and Family Values in Society and Culture provides a fascinating account of the social and cultural contexts that shape European family life. The case studies of families in different European countries compare demographic and welfare regimes to consider the challenges facing generations in Europe and responses to these. The book is an invaluable resource for researchers studying family life and inter-generational solidarity. Clare Holdsworth Professor of Social Geography Keele University This book is based on the testimony of experts, each of them proposing analyses which are specific to their own society. It provides an opportunity for the reader to take a new look at the evolution of intergenerational solidarity in 22 countries, whose wealth, welfare systems, and demographic situations, as well as recent events (wars, migratory movements, ...) offer specific challenges. It adopts the perspective of the insider to shed light not only on culture and values in each country, but also on conflicts between tradition and modernity, and between subcultures in the same society. The book thus allows better understanding of changes in intergenerational and gender relations, and the variety of solutions implemented or suggested to promote more satisfactory expressions of intergenerational solidarity for the next decade. Families and Family Values in Society and Culture provides an invaluable contribution for cross-cultural and social sciences researchers interested in understanding how different forms of solidarity arise from family and social dynamics. Anne Marie Fontaine Professor of Psychology University of Porto

croatian bureau of statistics: Fear of Crime and Punitiveness Helmut Kury, 2013 As a subject area of inquiry and research, fear of crime and punitiveness have played an increasingly important role in criminology. Since the early 1990s, and emanating largely from within the United States, there has been a growing body of research as well as increased attention given to the subject by the media and policy-makers. In part, triggered by the fact that the United States has the highest imprisonment rate (approx. 780/100,000 in 2012) in the Western world and still has the death

penalty in most states, increasing attention has been paid to the impact of peoples' perceptions of crime, their fear of possible victimization, and their sense of punitivity to-wards offenders. And although the body of literature on fear of crime and punitivity has been growing, there still remain many regions and countries of the world where there is a dearth of such research. This collection includes several of the countries where such research represents the first of its kind. The reader will be provided a broad overview of the subject and presented with varied observations about fear of crime and punitivity from different parts of the world. As the project represents a novel and exploratory venture into the subject area, the collective content provided in this collection will hopefully also serve to advance future research and inform sentencing policy and initiatives to address fear of crime. This volume includes seven comparable reports in which the contributors used a common standardized survey to collect data on fear of crime and punitivity among post-secondary students. The countries represent a cross-section of different legal, political, and cultural systems. The countries also vary in their degree of criminal justice development and in terms of the rights of victims. In each of the contributions, the author(s) provide an overview of their country before discussing the results of the survey they administered. The articles are prepared in a manner that allow varying degrees of comparison as well as recommendations for the future di-rection of this relatively new area of international inquiry. - Cover.

croatian bureau of statistics: Croatia Michael Schuman, 2004 Utting recent events in broad historical perspective, this volume looks at the situation in Croatia, discusses the political and economic developments that have taken place since 1991 and 1998 and explores the daily life and major cities of its people.

croatian bureau of statistics: Social Security in the Balkans - Volume 1 , 2021-10-05 This book offers a comprehensive overview of social security in the Balkan states. Social security is presented from a broad perspective as a mechanism that addresses human needs, provides protection against social risks, reduces social tensions and secures peace. Various sectors of social policy, pension systems, health care systems, disability insurance, labor policy as well as social risks, such as poverty and unemployment have been analyzed from historical, economic, political, sociological and security perspective. The book also offers recommendations for improving the level of social security in the region. Contributors are: Predrag Bejaković, Mirela Cristea, Dorota Domalewska, Nikos Kourachanis, Effrosyni E. Kouskouna, Christos Koutsampelas, Velibor Lalić, Shkëlzen Macukulli, Irina Mindova Docheva, Grafiela Georgiana Noja, Teuta Nunaj Kortoci, Mile Šikman, Aspasia Strantzalou, Nevenko Vranješ, and Marzena Żakowska.

croatian bureau of statistics: OECD Multi-level Governance Studies Towards Balanced Regional Development in Croatia From Strategy Design to Implementation OECD, 2024-04-29 This report assesses the extent to which Croatia's multi-level governance system is supporting its regional development objectives. In particular, it provides an overview of the country's regional development performance on several demographic, economic and well-being indicators. From there, it considers how the regional development reforms adopted since 2014 affect the ability of national and subnational governments to design, implement, fund, monitor and evaluate place-based regional development plans.

croatian bureau of statistics: Smart Tourism as a Driver for Culture and Sustainability Vicky Katsoni, Marival Segarra-Oña, 2019-01-31 This book explores the latest developments in the field of smart tourism, focusing in particular on the important cultural and sustainability synergies that have emerged during the digital era. The aim is to elucidate how ICTs can promote innovation and creativity in the tourism and leisure sector in ways that take into account cultural and social responsibilities, foster sustainable tourism management, and enhance cultural tourism, cultural heritage, and sustainable development. The book is based on the proceedings of the Fifth International Conference of the International Association of Cultural and Digital Tourism (IACuDiT), attended by academics and industry practitioners from cultural, heritage, communication, and innovational tourism backgrounds, and is edited in collaboration with IACuDiT. It will have broad appeal to professionals from academia, industry, government, and other organizations who wish to

learn about novel perspectives in the fields of tourism, travel, hospitality, culture and heritage, leisure, and sports within the context of a knowledge society and smart economy in which sustainability is becoming ever more important.

croatian bureau of statistics: Handbook on Policing in Central and Eastern Europe

Gorazd Meško, Charles B. Fields, Branko Lobnikar, Andrej Sotlar, 2013-04-16 Policing in Central and Eastern Europe has changed greatly since the fall of the Berlin Wall. Some Central and Eastern European countries are constituent members of the European Union, while others have been trying to harmonize with the EU and international requirements for a more democratic policing and developments in accordance with Western European and international policing standards, especially in regard to issues of legality and legitimacy. Changes in the police training system (basic and advanced), internationalization of policing due to transnationalization of crime and deviance, new police organizational structures and agencies have impacted new cultures of policing (from exclusively state to plural policing). This timely volume examines developments in the last two decades to learn the nature of these changes within Central and Eastern Europe, and their impact on police culture, as well as on society as a whole. The development of police research has varied widely throughout Central and Eastern Europe: in some countries, it has developed significantly, while in others it is still in its infancy. This work will allow for a transfer of ideas and models of police organization and policing is also needed to be studied closely, with an aim to provide consistent and comparable data across all of the countries discussed. For the twenty countries covered, this systematic work provides: short country-based information on police organization and social control, crime and disorder trends in the last 20 years with an on policing, police training and police educational systems, changes in policing in the last 20 years, police and the media, present trends in policing (public and private, multilateral, plural policing), policing urban and rural communities, recent research trends in research on policing – specificities of research on police and policing (researchers and the police, inclusion of police researchers in policy making and police practice) and future developments in policing.

croatian bureau of statistics: Competition Law in Croatia Jasminka Pecotić Kaufman, Vlatka

Butorac Malnar, Dubravka Akšamović, 2022-10-20 Derived from the renowned multi-volume International Encyclopaedia of Laws, this practical analysis of competition law and its interpretation in Croatia covers every aspect of the subject – the various forms of restrictive agreements and abuse of dominance prohibited by law and the rules on merger control; tests of illegality; filing obligations; administrative investigation and enforcement procedures; civil remedies and criminal penalties; and raising challenges to administrative decisions. Lawyers who handle transnational commercial transactions will appreciate the explanation of fundamental differences in procedure from one legal system to another, as well as the international aspects of competition law. Throughout the book, the treatment emphasizes enforcement, with relevant cases analysed where appropriate. An informative introductory chapter provides detailed information on the economic, legal, and historical background, including national and international sources, scope of application, an overview of substantive provisions and main notions, and a comprehensive description of the enforcement system including private enforcement. The book proceeds to a detailed analysis of substantive prohibitions, including cartels and other horizontal agreements, vertical restraints, the various types of abusive conduct by the dominant firms and the appraisal of concentrations, and then goes on to the administrative enforcement of competition law, with a focus on the antitrust authorities' powers of investigation and the right of defence of suspected companies. This part also covers voluntary merger notifications and clearance decisions, as well as a description of the judicial review of administrative decisions. Its succinct yet scholarly nature, as well as the practical quality of the information it provides, make this book a valuable time-saving tool for business and legal professionals alike. Lawyers representing parties with interests in Croatia will welcome this very useful guide, and academics and researchers will appreciate its value in the study of international and comparative competition law.

croatian bureau of statistics: Evolution of Destination Planning and Strategy Larry

Dwyer, Renata Tomljenović, Sanda Čorak, 2016-11-24 This book deals broadly with tourism planning and development from the perspective of Croatia, a major Adriatic tourism destination which is fast becoming one of the most popular vacation spots in the European Union. With the recent accession of Croatia to the EU, Croatia is undergoing a rapid political and economic transition and generating scholarly interest in the country's primary, secondary, and tertiary industries. This book examines the country's long history and thriving success in the tourism industry through issues of destination image and identity, management challenges, economic impact, and how to attract tourists in the midst of extreme political changes. The book explores the implications of policy decisions on product development and takes a theoretically sound approach to destination planning and problem-solving in Croatia. Its timely view of Croatian national tourism policy and the broader Adriatic/Mediterranean region makes this book of interest to all scholars, students, and practitioners engaged in various aspects of destination development planning and management.

croatian bureau of statistics: Progress in Multiple Sclerosis Research Frank H. Columbus, 2005 Multiple sclerosis (MS) is a life-long chronic disease diagnosed primarily in young adults. During an MS attack, inflammation occurs in areas of the white matter of the central nervous system (nerve fibres that are the site of MS lesions) in random patches called plaques. This process is followed by destruction of myelin, which insulates nerve cell fibres in the brain and spinal cord. Myelin facilitates the smooth, high-speed transmission of electrochemical messages between the brain, the spinal cord, and the rest of the body. The initial symptom of MS is often blurred or double vision, red-green colour distortion, or even blindness in one eye. Most MS patients experience muscle weakness in their extremities and difficulty with co-ordination and balance. Most people with MS also exhibit paresthesias, transitory abnormal sensory feeling such as numbness or pins and needles. Some may experience pain or loss of feeling. About half of people with MS experience cognitive impairments such as difficulties with concentration, attention, memory, and judgement. This volume presents leading research from around the globe.

croatian bureau of statistics: Teaching Classics Worldwide Steven Hunt, John Bulwer, 2025-02-06 Designed for instructors in schools and universities, as well as stakeholders and policy-makers in education everywhere, this book is a systematic guide to contemporary school teaching of classical languages, literature and civilisation in major countries across the world. This book examines the trends and assesses the rationale for such diversity in programmes of study and asks the question: What are classical subjects for in today's schools? Each chapter is arranged by geographical area and draws on the experiences of teachers and other education experts in each country, commenting on contemporary practices. Themes such as the impact of national education policies, enrolment, assessment, accessibility and inclusion are discussed. The teaching of Classics has wide variations in practices and purposes from one education system to another: in some, the teaching of Classics continues to be focused on the mastery of language and grammar; in others, active use of the ancient languages is growing in popularity; and yet in others, the focus is shifting towards the study of the languages and civilisations in translation. Presenting an overview survey and comparison of practices across the world, this book is essential reading for instructors and teaching training courses in the world of classical education.

croatian bureau of statistics: Republic of Croatia International Monetary Fund. European Dept., 2018-01-16 This 2017 Article IV Consultation highlights that Croatia continued its third year of positive economic growth in 2017. Growth is expected to stay at similar levels in the near future but to decelerate over the medium term. Consumer prices increased at a moderate pace and wage growth was also moderate as unemployment remained high. The external current account is expected to record another strong surplus, underpinned by robust performance of exports and tourism and lower repatriation of profits as banks absorbed losses from Agrokor. The balance of risks has improved but vulnerabilities remain sizable as public and external debt levels are still high, and the full impact of the Agrokor restructuring is yet unknown.

croatian bureau of statistics: Welfare State Transformation in the Yugoslav Successor States Marija Stambolieva, 2016-04-28 Welfare states are the product of economic, political and social

interactions, and undergo changes as these interactions transform. Existing welfare state theories mainly tend to explain the emergence and development of the welfare state in the western, industrialized and capitalist world. While the states of Central and Eastern Europe have recently been integrated in the academic discourse, the countries of the former Yugoslavia have been predominantly excluded from comparative analysis. Issues of nationalism and ethnic polarization have been prevalent there while socio-economic issues have been put on the back burner. This book explores what happened to the strong social states and relatively equal societies which existed in Slovenia, Croatia, Serbia and Macedonia, and looks into what accounts for these diverse outcomes. By investigating the applicability of the theories on welfare state development and typologization, it fills in the gap in the welfare state literature. It offers an original typology of social citizenship that takes into account the diversity of welfare policy formations across the region. The aim of this typology is not to compete with existing ones, but rather to offer a framework for better understanding of states that do not necessarily fit into known explanatory categories. In a global context of changing economic circumstances and contending political responses, macroeconomic policy and welfare state reform become order of the day. By featuring the ways that states adjust to new pressures, this book's arguments may come in handy to those trying to make sense of the crisis and the powers that drive the policy solutions.

croatian bureau of statistics: Human Rights in this Age of Uncertainty Vjollca Krasniqi, Jane McPherson, 2022-11-05 This book, grounded in a human rights framework, takes a close look at social work approaches and practices in Southeast Europe. Human rights are central in today's understanding of social work as an academic discipline and as a professional practice. Looking at social work through a human rights lens unmask inequality and discrimination, promotes ethical engagements, and contributes to the social, political, and economic betterment of society. Moreover, human rights and social work are interdependent and have far-reaching implications at macro, mezzo, and micro levels both in the realm of social policy and in professional practice. This collection of eight chapters provides an overview of human rights practices in social work in Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Kosovo, Romania, and Slovenia. It presents state-of-the-art research on human rights and social work through individual country-focused chapters. In addition, it includes an integrative introductory chapter that identifies and discusses the commonalities and differences across the region as well as future directions. The book takes an integrated approach with conversations among the contributors on three main questions: What is the state of human rights in social work? How are human rights practiced in social work? What are the prospects for an integrated approach to human rights in social work in contemporary Southeast Europe? Human Rights in this Age of Uncertainty is essential reading for social work academics and practitioners in Southeast Europe due to its geographic focus and standpoints from the specific countries of the region. The book also should appeal to a wider European audience (especially as the book features chapters from both inside and outside of the European Union), as well as to an international audience of social work scholars. In addition, policy-makers may find the book a useful resource because human rights discourse features prominently in the international approaches to welfare systems across Southeast Europe as part of the Europeanisation processes currently at play.

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substance use in a comparative way. Next chapter describes the developments of substance use over time in five countries analyzed. This description is based upon publicly available WHO data, along with supplementary comments and interpretations by national experts. Next chapter is devoted to country profiles of all five countries involved in the project and in-depth overviews of developments in their respective substance use situations. All reviews are written according to the same structure, thus facilitating comparison. The last chapter presents a multilevel analysis of substance use in the Czech Republic combining data for individuals and regions.

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