

mechanical cervical traction protocol

mechanical cervical traction protocol is a therapeutic approach widely used in physical therapy and rehabilitation to alleviate neck pain and cervical spine conditions. This protocol involves the application of controlled, mechanical force to stretch the cervical spine, aiming to reduce nerve root compression, improve spinal alignment, and enhance mobility. Mechanical cervical traction is commonly employed to treat conditions such as herniated discs, cervical radiculopathy, degenerative disc disease, and muscle spasms. The protocol requires careful consideration of patient-specific factors including diagnosis, severity of symptoms, and tolerance to traction forces. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the mechanical cervical traction protocol, including indications, contraindications, step-by-step procedures, and safety considerations. It also discusses equipment selection, treatment parameters, and clinical outcomes to guide healthcare professionals in optimizing therapeutic results.

- Understanding Mechanical Cervical Traction
- Indications and Contraindications
- Preparation and Equipment for Treatment
- Step-by-Step Mechanical Cervical Traction Protocol
- Parameters and Dosage Recommendations
- Safety Precautions and Potential Complications
- Clinical Outcomes and Evidence-Based Benefits

Understanding Mechanical Cervical Traction

Mechanical cervical traction is a treatment modality that applies a pulling force to the cervical spine using mechanical devices. The goal is to create separation between the vertebrae, which can relieve pressure on intervertebral discs and nerve roots. This traction method differs from manual cervical traction in that it provides a consistent, measurable, and adjustable force, which allows for precise control during therapy sessions. Traction can be delivered in different modes, including continuous, intermittent, or sustained traction, depending on the clinical objectives.

Biomechanics of Cervical Traction

During mechanical cervical traction, the applied force induces spinal elongation by distracting the vertebrae and stretching soft tissues such as muscles, ligaments, and intervertebral discs. This process can reduce nerve root compression and increase the

intervertebral foramen space, thereby decreasing symptoms like radicular pain and muscle spasms. The biomechanical effects also facilitate improved nutrient exchange within discs and promote tissue healing.

Types of Mechanical Cervical Traction Devices

Several types of devices are used to administer mechanical cervical traction, including:

- Over-the-door traction units
- Motorized traction machines with adjustable tension and cycle settings
- Portable traction devices designed for home use
- Stationary traction tables with head halters and harnesses

The selection of the appropriate device depends on clinical needs, patient comfort, and treatment goals.

Indications and Contraindications

Proper patient selection is critical in the mechanical cervical traction protocol to ensure safety and effectiveness. Understanding when traction is indicated or contraindicated helps clinicians avoid adverse outcomes and optimize therapeutic benefits.

Indications for Mechanical Cervical Traction

Mechanical cervical traction is commonly indicated for conditions such as:

- Cervical radiculopathy caused by disc herniation or foraminal stenosis
- Degenerative disc disease with nerve root irritation
- Muscle spasms and soft tissue tightness in the neck region
- Cervical spondylosis with nerve compression symptoms
- Postural correction and cervical alignment improvement
- Facet joint dysfunction contributing to neck pain

Contraindications and Precautions

Mechanical cervical traction should be avoided or used with caution in patients with the following conditions:

- Acute cervical spine trauma or fracture
- Severe osteoporosis or bone fragility
- Spinal infections or tumors
- Uncontrolled hypertension or cardiovascular instability
- Rheumatoid arthritis with atlantoaxial instability
- Severe disc herniation causing worsening neurological symptoms
- Pregnancy, in some cases, due to altered cervical biomechanics

Thorough clinical evaluation and imaging studies may be necessary before initiating traction therapy.

Preparation and Equipment for Treatment

Successful implementation of the mechanical cervical traction protocol requires meticulous preparation and appropriate equipment setup. This ensures patient comfort, accurate force application, and treatment efficacy.

Patient Assessment and Positioning

Before beginning traction, the clinician conducts a comprehensive assessment including medical history, physical examination, and symptom evaluation. Proper patient positioning is essential to target the desired cervical segments. Typically, patients are positioned in a supine or seated posture, with the neck flexed at a specific angle to optimize vertebral separation. The degree of cervical flexion usually ranges from 20 to 30 degrees but may vary based on clinical goals.

Equipment Setup

The following equipment components are commonly used in mechanical cervical traction:

- Traction harness or head halter designed to distribute force evenly
- Traction unit with adjustable tension controls
- Supportive table or chair to stabilize the patient

- Padding and straps to ensure comfort and prevent slippage

Calibration of the traction device is necessary to deliver the prescribed force accurately.

Step-by-Step Mechanical Cervical Traction Protocol

The mechanical cervical traction protocol follows a structured sequence to maximize treatment benefits while minimizing risks. Each step involves careful monitoring and patient feedback to tailor the intervention.

Step 1: Patient Preparation

Explain the procedure to the patient and obtain informed consent. Position the patient comfortably, ensuring proper cervical alignment and stabilization. Attach the traction harness securely but comfortably around the head and neck.

Step 2: Setting Traction Parameters

Determine the initial traction force based on patient weight, symptom severity, and clinical guidelines—typically ranging from 10 to 25 pounds. Select the mode of traction (intermittent or continuous) and set the duration of the session, commonly between 10 to 20 minutes.

Step 3: Initiate Traction

Gradually increase the traction force to the target level while monitoring patient response. Observe for any signs of discomfort, dizziness, or neurological changes. Maintain communication with the patient throughout the session.

Step 4: Traction Maintenance and Monitoring

During the traction period, continuously monitor patient tolerance and vital signs as needed. Adjust tension or pause treatment if adverse symptoms develop. Intermittent traction cycles typically involve alternating periods of traction application and rest.

Step 5: Termination and Post-Treatment Care

Slowly decrease the traction force before releasing the harness. Assist the patient to a seated position and reassess symptoms. Provide guidance on post-treatment activities and any follow-up therapy.

Parameters and Dosage Recommendations

Parameter selection in the mechanical cervical traction protocol is crucial to achieving effective treatment outcomes. These parameters include traction force, duration, angle of pull, and mode of application.

Traction Force

The applied force typically ranges from 10 to 25 pounds (4.5 to 11.3 kilograms). Initial sessions often start at the lower end to assess tolerance, with gradual increments based on patient response. Excessive force should be avoided to prevent tissue injury or symptom exacerbation.

Duration and Frequency

Treatment sessions usually last between 10 and 20 minutes. Frequency can vary from daily to several times per week depending on clinical indications and patient progress. Some protocols recommend intermittent traction with cycles of 15 to 60 seconds of traction followed by rest periods.

Angle of Traction

The cervical spine angle during traction influences which vertebral levels are targeted. A flexion angle of 20 to 30 degrees generally focuses traction on the lower cervical segments (C5-C7), while lesser angles affect upper cervical vertebrae. Adjusting the angle allows clinicians to tailor treatment to specific anatomical areas.

Safety Precautions and Potential Complications

Ensuring patient safety is a paramount concern when administering mechanical cervical traction. Awareness of potential risks and adherence to safety protocols help mitigate adverse events.

Monitoring During Treatment

Continuous patient observation is necessary to identify early signs of complications such as increased pain, neurological deficits, dizziness, or discomfort. Vital signs should be monitored in patients with cardiovascular comorbidities.

Possible Complications

While mechanical cervical traction is generally safe, potential complications include:

- Muscle strain or spasms
- Increased nerve root irritation
- Dizziness or vertigo due to vertebral artery involvement
- Skin irritation or pressure sores from harness application
- Exacerbation of underlying cervical pathology

Immediate cessation of traction is warranted if adverse symptoms arise.

Clinical Outcomes and Evidence-Based Benefits

Numerous clinical studies have evaluated the efficacy of mechanical cervical traction in managing cervical spine disorders. Evidence indicates that when applied appropriately, traction can reduce pain, improve cervical range of motion, and enhance functional outcomes.

Effectiveness in Cervical Radiculopathy

Mechanical cervical traction has demonstrated significant benefits in reducing radicular pain and neurological symptoms associated with nerve root compression. It facilitates decompression and promotes nerve recovery when combined with other therapeutic modalities.

Role in Degenerative Disc Disease

In patients with degenerative changes, traction helps alleviate mechanical stress on intervertebral discs and facet joints, potentially slowing disease progression and improving quality of life. It is often integrated into multimodal rehabilitation programs.

Integration with Physical Therapy

Mechanical cervical traction is most effective when incorporated into comprehensive treatment plans that include exercises, manual therapy, and patient education. This holistic approach addresses both symptoms and underlying biomechanical dysfunctions.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is mechanical cervical traction?

Mechanical cervical traction is a therapeutic method that uses a machine to apply a controlled pulling force to the cervical spine to relieve pressure on spinal discs and nerves.

What conditions can mechanical cervical traction help treat?

Mechanical cervical traction is commonly used to treat conditions such as cervical radiculopathy, herniated discs, neck pain, muscle spasms, and degenerative disc disease.

What is the typical protocol for mechanical cervical traction?

A typical protocol involves positioning the patient supine or seated, applying a traction force of 10-25 pounds depending on tolerance, with intermittent or continuous traction for 10-20 minutes per session, usually 2-3 times per week.

How long should each session of mechanical cervical traction last?

Each session typically lasts between 10 to 20 minutes, depending on patient tolerance and therapeutic goals.

What traction force is recommended during mechanical cervical traction?

Traction forces generally range from 10 to 25 pounds, starting at a lower force and gradually increasing based on patient comfort and response.

Are there any contraindications to mechanical cervical traction?

Yes, contraindications include acute cervical trauma, spinal infections, tumors, osteoporosis, severe cardiovascular issues, and pregnancy.

How often should mechanical cervical traction be administered?

Mechanical cervical traction is usually administered 2 to 3 times per week, but frequency can be adjusted based on patient progress and clinical judgment.

What are the benefits of mechanical cervical traction?

Benefits include pain relief, reduced nerve root compression, improved cervical spine mobility, and decreased muscle spasms.

Can patients perform mechanical cervical traction at home?

Home use of mechanical cervical traction devices should be done only under medical supervision with proper training to avoid injury.

What precautions should be taken during mechanical cervical traction therapy?

Precautions include monitoring patient comfort, avoiding excessive force, ensuring proper positioning, and stopping treatment if the patient experiences increased pain or neurological symptoms.

Additional Resources

1. *Mechanical Cervical Traction: Principles and Protocols*

This book offers a comprehensive overview of the fundamentals of mechanical cervical traction, including its indications, contraindications, and therapeutic benefits. It details various traction devices and techniques, emphasizing evidence-based protocols for effective treatment. Clinicians will find practical guidance for incorporating traction into rehabilitation programs.

2. *Clinical Applications of Cervical Traction Therapy*

Focusing on real-world clinical scenarios, this text explores the use of cervical traction in managing neck pain, radiculopathy, and disc herniation. It includes case studies and treatment plans to help practitioners tailor traction protocols to individual patient needs. The book also reviews the latest research on traction efficacy and safety.

3. *Manual and Mechanical Cervical Traction Techniques*

This resource contrasts manual and mechanical methods of cervical traction, providing detailed descriptions and step-by-step instructions. It highlights biomechanical principles and patient positioning to maximize therapeutic outcomes. The book is ideal for physical therapists and rehabilitation specialists seeking to expand their skill set.

4. *Rehabilitation Protocols for Cervical Spine Disorders*

Offering a broad perspective on cervical spine rehabilitation, this book integrates mechanical traction with other therapeutic modalities such as exercise and manual therapy. It presents structured protocols for various cervical conditions and emphasizes multidisciplinary approaches. The text supports evidence-based practice and patient-centered care.

5. *Advances in Cervical Traction Devices and Technology*

This book reviews the latest innovations in mechanical cervical traction equipment, including computerized and automated systems. It discusses technological advancements that improve patient comfort, safety, and treatment precision. Clinicians and device manufacturers will find valuable insights into future trends and applications.

6. *Evidence-Based Practice in Cervical Traction Therapy*

Centered on critical analysis of clinical research, this book evaluates the effectiveness of mechanical cervical traction across different patient populations. It addresses methodological challenges in studies and offers guidelines for integrating evidence into practice. The text is essential for practitioners committed to high-quality, research-informed care.

7. Biomechanics of Cervical Traction

This text delves into the anatomical and biomechanical aspects underlying cervical traction therapy. It explains how traction forces affect cervical vertebrae, discs, and soft tissues, providing a scientific basis for treatment protocols. The book supports clinicians in optimizing traction parameters for safe and effective therapy.

8. Cervical Traction in Physical Therapy Practice

Designed for physical therapists, this book covers assessment, treatment planning, and implementation of cervical traction. It includes patient education strategies and outcome measurement tools to track progress. Practical tips and illustrations enhance understanding and clinical application.

9. Comprehensive Guide to Spine Traction Techniques

While covering traction for the entire spine, this guide dedicates significant content to cervical traction protocols. It compares mechanical traction with other spine mobilization methods and discusses contraindications. The book serves as a reference for rehabilitation professionals seeking a holistic approach to spine care.

Mechanical Cervical Traction Protocol

Find other PDF articles:

<https://admin.nordenson.com/archive-library-005/Book?ID=pfk18-8884&title=1420-the-answer-cleveland.pdf>

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Study Guide for the Board of Certification, Inc., Athletic Trainer Certification Examination Susan Rozzi, Michelle Futrell, 2019-10-24 A complete roadmap to success on the Board of Certification Athletic Trainer Certification Examination. This popular study guide delivers everything students need to sit for the exam with confidence.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Braddom's Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation David X. Cifu, MD, 2015-08-20 The most-trusted resource for physiatry knowledge and techniques, Braddom's Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation remains an essential guide for the entire rehabilitation team. With proven science and comprehensive guidance, this medical reference book addresses a range of topics to offer every patient maximum pain relief and optimal return to function. In-depth coverage of the indications for and limitations of axial and peripheral joints through therapies enables mastery of these techniques. Optimize the use of ultrasound in diagnosis and treatment. A chapter covering PM&R in the international community serves to broaden your perspective in the field. Detailed illustrations allow you to gain a clear visual understanding of important concepts. New lead editor - Dr. David Cifu - was selected by Dr. Randall Braddom to retain a consistent and readable format. Additional new authors and editors provide a fresh perspective to this edition. Features comprehensive coverage of the treatment of concussions and

military amputees. Includes brand-new information on rehabilitating wounded military personnel, the latest injection techniques, speech/swallowing disorders, head injury rehabilitation, and the rehabilitation of chronic diseases. New chapters on pelvic floor disorders and sensory impairments keep you at the forefront of the field. Reader-friendly design features an updated table of contents and improved chapter approach for an enhanced user experience. Expert Consult eBook version included with purchase. This enhanced eBook experience gives access to the text, figures, over 2,500 references, 51 videos, and 750 self-assessment questions on a variety of devices.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Braddom's Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation E-Book David X. Cifu, 2015-08-02 The most-trusted resource for physiatry knowledge and techniques, Braddom's Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation remains an essential guide for the entire rehabilitation team. With proven science and comprehensive guidance, this medical reference book addresses a range of topics to offer every patient maximum pain relief and optimal return to function. In-depth coverage of the indications for and limitations of axial and peripheral joints through therapies enables mastery of these techniques. Optimize the use of ultrasound in diagnosis and treatment. A chapter covering PM&R in the international community serves to broaden your perspective in the field. Detailed illustrations allow you to gain a clear visual understanding of important concepts. New lead editor - Dr. David Cifu - was selected by Dr. Randall Braddom to retain a consistent and readable format. Additional new authors and editors provide a fresh perspective to this edition. Features comprehensive coverage of the treatment of concussions and military amputees. Includes brand-new information on rehabilitating wounded military personnel, the latest injection techniques, speech/swallowing disorders, head injury rehabilitation, and the rehabilitation of chronic diseases. New chapters on pelvic floor disorders and sensory impairments keep you at the forefront of the field. Reader-friendly design features an updated table of contents and improved chapter approach for an enhanced user experience. Expert Consult eBook version included with purchase. This enhanced eBook experience gives access to the text, figures, over 2,500 references, 51 videos, and 750 self-assessment questions on a variety of devices.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Joel A. DeLisa, Bruce M. Gans, Nicholas E. Walsh, 2005 The gold-standard physical medicine and rehabilitation text is now in its Fourth Edition—with thoroughly updated content and a more clinical focus. More than 150 expert contributors—most of them new to this edition—address the full range of issues in contemporary physical medicine and rehabilitation and present state-of-the-art patient management strategies, emphasizing evidence-based recommendations. This edition has two separate volumes on Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Medicine. Each volume has sections on principles of evaluation and management, management methods, major problems, and specific disorders. Treatment algorithms and boxed lists of key clinical facts have been added to many chapters.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Orthopedic Interventions for the Physical Therapist Assistant Maureen Raffensperg, 2019-11-05 First laying the foundation of the role of the PTA within the orthopedic plan of care, this text offers students the fundamental knowledge needed to best understand how the PT evaluates a patient. From principles of tissue healing to detailed descriptions of the most common pathologies, tests and interventions for each body region, this text prepares the PTA for best patient education and care.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Rehabilitation Techniques for Sports Medicine and Athletic Training William Prentice, 2024-06-01 Rehabilitation Techniques for Sports Medicine and Athletic Training, Seventh Edition is the definitive reference for athletic training students and professionals who are interested in gaining more in-depth exposure to the theory and practical application of rehabilitation techniques used in a sports medicine environment. Dr. William Prentice and his contributors have combined their knowledge and expertise to produce a single text that encompasses all aspects of sports medicine rehabilitation. Featuring more than 1,000 full-color illustrations, 700 high-resolution videos, and an integrated laboratory manual, this newly updated Seventh Edition provides the athletic trainer with a complete guide to the design, implementation, and supervision of rehabilitation programs for sport-related injuries. The Seventh Edition includes

new and updated information on topics including: • Pharmacology and the role of medication in pain management and performance • Nutrition and its impact on rehabilitation • Rehabilitation techniques for the core • Roles within the rehabilitation team • Pathomechanics and epidemiology of common injuries • Psychological considerations and communication with injured patients • Tips for documentation from Dr. Prentice Included with the text are online supplemental materials for faculty use in the classroom. *Rehabilitation Techniques for Sports Medicine and Athletic Training, Seventh Edition* is a comprehensive resource for athletic training students, faculty, and clinicians; physical therapists who manage rehabilitation programs for sports-related injuries; as well as for strength and conditioning coaches who supervise performance enhancement programs on return to play.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *Therapeutic Modalities* Chad Starkey, 2013-01-23 The 4th Edition of the field's premier text on therapeutic modalities reflects evidence-based practice research and technologies that are impacting professional practice today. Step by step, you'll build a solid foundation in the theory and science that underlie today's best practices and then learn how to treat a wide range of orthopedic injuries.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *Differential Diagnosis and Management for the Chiropractor* Thomas A. Souza, 2014-09-26 The Fifth Edition of this best-selling reference is a compendium of evidence-based approaches to the most common presenting complaints. Covering both musculoskeletal and visceral complaints, this text is intended to direct the chiropractor toward an appropriate plan of approach in both diagnostic evaluation and care. Highlighting these approaches are flowcharts (algorithms), relevant historical questioning, and summaries of common conditions related to the presenting complaint. What's New in the 5th Edition? • Additional disorders added to Selected Causes at the conclusion of chapters • Addition of Likelihood Ratio graphics • Addition of approximately 500 new references • New Appendix: Evidence Based Approach to the Literature • Expanded Appendix: Pharmacology for the Chiropractor includes newer drugs and further explains the classifications of medications mechanisms • Translation into Practice Summary (TIPS) for most of the orthopedic chapters • Updated Algorithm

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *Therapeutic Modalities for Allied Health Professionals* William E. Prentice, William S. Quillen, Frank B. Underwood, 1998 Intended for use in courses where various clinically oriented techniques and methods are presented. Not a modality cookbook, but a presentation for the basis of use for each modality which allows the therapists to make their own decisions in a given situation. All therapists use some type of modalities from a simple ice pack to electrical current stimulations, and this title features comprehensive coverage of all the therapeutic modalities used in a clinical settings. In addition, strong textbook aids such as chapter objectives, lab activities and case studies help clarify and reinforce the material presented.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *The Cervical Spine* Edward C. Benzel, Patrick J. Connolly, 2012-08-29 The Cervical Spine is the most comprehensive, current, and authoritative reference on the cervical spine. Prepared by internationally recognized members of The Cervical Spine Research Society Editorial Committee, the Fifth Edition presents new information, new technologies, and advances in clinical decision making. The text provides state-of-the-art coverage of basic and clinical research, diagnostic methods, and medical and surgical treatments, bringing together the latest thinking of the foremost orthopaedic surgeons, neurosurgeons, neurologists, rheumatologists, radiologists, anatomists, and bioengineers. Chapters cover anatomy, physiology, biomechanics, neurologic and functional evaluation, and radiographic evaluation and address the full range of pediatric problems, fractures, spinal cord injuries, tumors, infections, inflammatory conditions, degenerative disorders, and complications. Accompanying the text is a website with the fully searchable text plus a color image bank.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *Therapeutic Modalities in Sports Medicine* William E. Prentice, 1990

mechanical cervical traction protocol: *Therapeutic Modalities in Rehabilitation* William E. Prentice, 2005-05-18 The most comprehensive book on therapeutic modalities A Doody's Core Title! Provides a theoretically based but practically oriented guide to the use of therapeutic

modalities. Perfect for the required course in the Physical Therapy curriculum or as a clinical reference, the text features extensive use of case studies, laboratory activities, and a renowned illustration program.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Pathology and Intervention in Musculoskeletal Rehabilitation David J. Magee, James E. Zachazewski, William S. Quillen, Robert C. Manske, 2015-11-20 Design and implement a rehab program on your own with Pathology and Intervention in Musculoskeletal Rehabilitation, 2nd Edition. Part of Magee's popular Musculoskeletal Rehabilitation Series, this pathology text for physical therapists provides clear guidance on patient management relative to specific musculoskeletal pathology, injury, and illness - all based on a sound understanding of basic science and principles of practice. It focuses on the specific pathologies most often seen in the clinic, and discusses the best methods for intervention for the different areas of the body in the context of the tissue-healing model. Each intervention features a rationale, along with the pathology and problem presented; stage of healing; evidence in the literature; and clinical reasoning considerations. Dedicated and focused information on the specific pathologies most often seen in the clinic, as well as the best methods for intervention for the different areas of the body, minimizes duplication of information by referring you to other titles in the Musculoskeletal Rehabilitation Series for basic scientific information regarding inflammation, healing, tissue deformation, and the development of muscular strength and endurance. Trusted experts in musculoskeletal rehabilitation, along with internationally recognized contributors, present the best evidence behind contemporary interventions directed toward the treatment of the impairments and functional limitations associated with acute, chronic, and congenital musculoskeletal conditions occurring across the lifespan. Evidence-based content, with over 4,000 references, supports the scientific principles for rehabilitation interventions, providing the best evidence for the management of musculoskeletal pathology and injury. NEW! The Skin and Wound Healing chapter looks at the numerous tools available to assist in objectively monitoring and treating a patient with an acute or chronic wound. NEW! Rotator Cuff Pathology chapter highlights the anatomy, function, and etiology of the rotary cuff, and addresses rotary cuff injuries, physical examination, and non-operative and operative treatment. UPDATED! Substantially revised chapter on the Thoracic Ring Approach facilitates clinical reasoning for the treatment of the thoracic spine and ribs through the assessment and treatment of thoracic spine disorders and how they relate to the whole kinetic chain. UPDATED! Revised Lumbar Spine - Treatment of Motor Control Disorders chapter explores some of the research evidence and clinical reasoning pertaining to instability of the lumbar spine so you can better organize your knowledge for immediate use in the clinical setting. UPDATED! Significantly revised chapter on the treatment of pelvic pain and dysfunction presents an overview of specific pathologies pertaining to the various systems of the pelvis - and highlights how The Integrated Systems Model for Disability and Pain facilitates evidence-based management of the often complex patient with pelvic pain and dysfunction. NEW! Musculoskeletal Bone and Soft Tissue Tumors chapter covers common bone tumors, anatomic considerations and rehabilitation, pediatric patients, and amputation related to cancer. UPDATED! Thoroughly revised chapters with additional references ensure you get the most recent evidence and information available. NEW! Full color design and illustration program reflects what you see in the physical world to help you recognize and understand concepts more quickly.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Therapeutic Programs for Musculoskeletal Disorders James Wyss, 2012-12-17 Therapeutic Programs for Musculoskeletal Disorders is a guide for musculoskeletal medicine trainees and physicians to the art and science of writing therapy prescriptions and developing individualized treatment plans. Chapters are written by teams of musculoskeletal physicians, allied health professionals, and trainees to underscore the importance of collaboration in designing programs and improving outcomes. The book employs a literature-driven treatment approach to the common musculoskeletal problems that clinicians encounter on a daily basis. Each condition-specific chapter includes clinical background and presentation, physical examination, and diagnostics, followed by a comprehensive look at the rehabilitation program. Case

examples with detailed therapy prescriptions reinforce key points. The book includes a bound-in DVD with downloadable patient handouts for most conditions. Therapeutic Programs for Musculoskeletal Disorders Features: A concise but comprehensive approach to the conservative treatment of musculoskeletal disorders A focus on developing individualized treatment plans incorporating physical modalities, manual therapy, and therapeutic exercise A logical framework for writing effective therapy-based prescriptions for common limb and spine problems Case examples with detailed therapy prescriptions A targeted review of the associated literature in each condition-specific chapter A DVD with illustrated handouts covering home modalities and therapeutic exercises for key problems that can be provided to patients The first reference bringing together physicians, allied health professionals, and residents to provide an integrated foundation for improved team care utilizing an evidence-based approach to musculoskeletal rehabilitation

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Orthopaedic Knowledge Update® Spine 6 Eeric Truumees, Heidi Prather, 2021-06-01 This comprehensive resource covers all aspects of the spine in a single, convenient volume. Developed in partnership with the American Academy of Orthopaedic Surgeons (AAOS) and edited by Drs. Eeric Truumees and Heidi Prather, Orthopaedic Knowledge Update®: Spine 6 presents relevant, evidence-based information, discusses its practical application, and provides supporting references, all tailored to the needs of today's practicing orthopaedists and trainees. Written, edited, and peer-reviewed by more than 90 interdisciplinary contributing authors, it offers a complete guide to the diagnosis, treatment, and management of spinal injuries and disorders, supported by the latest evidence.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Insights into the Effectiveness of Exercise/Lifestyle Recommendations in Primary Care Tatsunori Ikemoto, Carol Ewing Garber, Patricia C. Heyn, 2023-10-23 The World Health Organization (WHO) reported that physical activity is one of the leading risk factors for non-communicable disease deaths worldwide. Several studies have shown that physical activity can reduce the risk of conditions such as heart disease, stroke and diabetes. Furthermore, exercise has been found to be beneficial in certain mental health conditions and improving the quality of life in patients undergoing cancer treatment. However, WHO estimates that 1 in 4 adults worldwide are not physically active enough. This has led to the development of the WHO global action plan on increasing physical activity, which includes integrating physical activity into primary health care. Globally, primary care professionals are already prescribing lifestyle changes, including those aimed at increasing physical activity. Examples of this include, prescription of gym memberships and initiatives that aim to better educate physicians on the benefits of physical activity on patient health. This research topic aims to discuss:

- The effectiveness of exercise/lifestyle recommendations in improving patient outcomes in primary care.
- Assessing physical activity in primary care practice
- The use of exercise prescription to manage neurological diseases
- The uptake of patients completing a recommended exercise plan and what can be done to increase this.
- The importance of communication between the patient and physician in implementing the exercise plan and how this could be improved.
- Confounding factors that affect the patient in following an exercise plan/ lifestyle recommendation.
- Examples of where exercise recommendations by primary health care professionals have been successfully implemented in a real world setting.
- Examples of successful clinical and community collaborations with allied health professionals such as exercise physiologists

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Clinical Orthopaedic Rehabilitation E-Book S. Brent Brotzman, Robert C. Manske, 2011-05-06 In Clinical Orthopaedic Rehabilitation: An Evidence-Based Approach, Dr. S. Brent Brotzman and Robert C. Manske help you apply the most effective, evidence-based protocols for maximizing return to function following common sports injuries and post-surgical conditions. A well-respected, comprehensive source for evaluating, treating, and rehabilitating orthopaedic patients, the 3rd Edition guides you on the prevention of running injuries, the latest perturbation techniques, and the ACL rehabilitation procedures and functional tests you need to help get your patients back in the game or the office. You'll also find a brand-new spine rehabilitation section, an extensively revised art program, and online access to

videos demonstrating rehabilitation procedures of common orthopaedic conditions at www.expertconsult.com. Get expert guidance on everything you may see on a day-to-day basis in the rehabilitation of joint replacements and sports injuries. Apply evidence-based rehabilitation protocols to common sports conditions like ACL and meniscus injuries and post-surgical rehabilitation for the knee, hip, and shoulder. See how to perform perturbation techniques for ACL rehabilitation, ACL functional tests and return-to-play criteria after reconstruction, analysis of running gait to prevent and treat running injury, and more with videos online at www.expertconsult.com. Use the expert practices described in Tendinopathy and Hip Labral Injuries, part of the expanded Special Topics section, to help patients realize quicker recovery times. Visualize physical examination and rehabilitation techniques with the extensively revised art program that presents 750 figures and illustrations.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Managing Sports Injuries e-book Christopher M Norris, 2011-06-30 Now in its fourth edition with the revised title - Managing Sports Injuries: a guide for students and clinicians - this highly practical guide maintains its evidence-based approach while introducing new material from both research and clinical sources. It is a comprehensive resource for the management of soft-tissue injuries, focusing on therapy. Well referenced and extensively illustrated, this text continues to be invaluable to physiotherapists, sports and massage therapists, medical practitioners, and all those involved in the treatment of athletes and sports people. Approx.424 pages - Full colour text and illustrations emphasizing all practical techniques - Treatment notes expanded with added topics and basic examination protocols - Additional material enhancing clinical value - Practical how-to-do approach enabling application of new techniques - Updated research references

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Physical Therapy Management of Patients with Spinal Pain Deborah Stetts, Gray Carpenter, 2024-06-01 In this rapidly changing health care environment, a challenge today's physical therapist faces is finding, evaluating, and implementing current best evidence into practice, an integral part of health care professional educational programs. With that goal in mind, Physical Therapy Management of Patients With Spinal Pain: An Evidence-Based Approach provides a comprehensive research-based overview of the examination and physical therapy interventions of the spine. Inside Physical Therapy Management of Patients With Spinal Pain, Drs. Deborah M. Stetts and J. Gray Carpenter evaluate the current evidence related to spinal pain and present it in a format that allows for an easy transition to the clinical environment. By providing effective clinical interventions, rather than relying on habits or tradition, patients benefit from an increased likelihood of improved quality of life with the least potential of personal and financial risk. Some features include: • Over 650 photographs, images, and tables • Access to a supplemental video Website with new book purchase • Best practice for evaluating and treating the lumbar spine, thoracic spine, and cervical spine • Comprehensive coverage of the clinical presentation of spine-related pathologies from evaluation to treatment Each chapter outlines the history, physical examination, physical therapy diagnosis, evidence-based management guidelines, and case studies for each topic. Case studies will challenge the reader's clinical reasoning skills with the use of current best evidence throughout the initial examination and subsequent treatment sessions. Bonus! Also included with Physical Therapy Management of Patients With Spinal Pain is access to a supplemental Website containing more than 375 video demonstrations corresponding to the tests and measures, examination, evaluation, and intervention procedures covered within the text. Physical Therapy Management of Patients With Spinal Pain: An Evidence-Based Approach is the go-to reference text and accompanying Web site for the physical therapy students, or clinicians who are reaching for best practice through providing the highest level of evidence-informed care in the evaluation and management of patients with spinal pain.

mechanical cervical traction protocol: Essentials of Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation Julie K. Silver, Thomas D. Rizzo, 2008-01-01 DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES -- TREATMENT -- POTENTIAL DISEASE COMPLICATIONS -- POTENTIAL TREATMENT COMPLICATIONS -- Chapter 11. Biceps Tendinitis -- DEFINITION -- SYMPTOMS -- PHYSICAL EXAMINATION -- FUNCTIONAL

LIMITATIONS -- DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES -- TREATMENT -- POTENTIAL DISEASE COMPLICATIONS -- POTENTIAL TREATMENT COMPLICATIONS -- Chapter 12. Biceps Tendon Rupture -- DEFINITION -- SYMPTOMS -- PHYSICAL EXAMINATION -- FUNCTIONAL LIMITATIONS -- DIAGNOSTIC STUDIES -- TREATMENT -- POTENTIAL DISEASE COMPLICATIONS -- POTENTIAL TREATMENT COMPLICATIONS -- Chapter 13. Glenohumeral Instability -- DEFINITIONS

Related to mechanical cervical traction protocol

How I passed the Mechanical FE Exam (Detailed Resource Guide) Hi, I just took the FE Exam and found it hard to find the right resources. Obviously you can use well organized textbooks like the Lindenberg book, which have a great

Mechanical or Electrical engineering? : r/AskEngineers - Reddit Hello everyone, I have a bit of a dilemma I'm torn between choosing mechanical or electrical engineering for my major. I have some classes lower division classes for electrical.

Please help me decide which mechanical keyboard I should get. I don't have much experience with mechanical keyboards; the only one I have owned is the Logitech g613. I've been looking to get my first custom mechanical keyboard that is full size,

r/rideslips - Reddit r/rideslips: Rollercoasters, waterslides, mechanical bulls, slingshot, droppers anything you find at an amusement or festival that causes a wardrobe

Whats a mechanical fall and whats a non-mechanical fall?nnn - Reddit Mechanical fall is basically due to an action.. "I tripped" "I missed a step on the stairs".. non-mechanical is something related to another factor and requires more workup such

What are good masters to combine with mechanical engineering A master's in mechanical engineering has a few key roles: it teaches you the research process (critical for getting into any kind of R&D), and it helps you specialize your skillset. Fields like

Is Mechanical Engineering worth it? : r/MechanicalEngineering Mechanical engineering salaries largely vary based on a number of factors including company, industry, experience, location, etc.. If you're really curious, go on levels.fyi and see what

The ME Hang Out - Reddit I am a mechanical engineer having 3.5 years of experience, currently working in aviation industry. I have a youtube channel related to ME. If you are a student or a working engineer, what do

Turkkit - Reddit Amazon Mechanical Turk (mTurk) is a website for completing tasks for pay. The tasks vary greatly and you will find all kinds of tasks to complete, including transcription, writing, tagging, editing,

Best Mechanical Keyboard Posts - Reddit My wife hates my mechanical keyboard - is divorce the only option? We both share the same office space and my keyboard is a wee bit loud. Her colleagues hear it on calls too. I'm using

How I passed the Mechanical FE Exam (Detailed Resource Guide) Hi, I just took the FE Exam and found it hard to find the right resources. Obviously you can use well organized textbooks like the Lindenberg book, which have a great

Mechanical or Electrical engineering? : r/AskEngineers - Reddit Hello everyone, I have a bit of a dilemma I'm torn between choosing mechanical or electrical engineering for my major. I have some classes lower division classes for electrical.

Please help me decide which mechanical keyboard I should get. I don't have much experience with mechanical keyboards; the only one I have owned is the Logitech g613. I've been looking to get my first custom mechanical keyboard that is full size,

r/rideslips - Reddit r/rideslips: Rollercoasters, waterslides, mechanical bulls, slingshot, droppers anything you find at an amusement or festival that causes a wardrobe

Whats a mechanical fall and whats a non-mechanical fall?nnn - Reddit Mechanical fall is basically due to an action.. "I tripped" "I missed a step on the stairs".. non-mechanical is something related to another factor and requires more workup such

What are good masters to combine with mechanical engineering A master's in mechanical

engineering has a few key roles: it teaches you the research process (critical for getting into any kind of R&D), and it helps you specialize your skillset. Fields like

Is Mechanical Engineering worth it? : r/MechanicalEngineering Mechanical engineering salaries largely vary based on a number of factors including company, industry, experience, location, etc.. If you're really curious, go on levels.fyi and see what

The ME Hang Out - Reddit I am a mechanical engineer having 3.5 years of experience, currently working in aviation industry. I have a youtube channel related to ME. If you are a student or a working engineer, what do

Turkkit - Reddit Amazon Mechanical Turk (mTurk) is a website for completing tasks for pay. The tasks vary greatly and you will find all kinds of tasks to complete, including transcription, writing, tagging, editing,

Best Mechanical Keyboard Posts - Reddit My wife hates my mechanical keyboard - is divorce the only option? We both share the same office space and my keyboard is a wee bit loud. Her colleagues hear it on calls too. I'm using

How I passed the Mechanical FE Exam (Detailed Resource Guide Hi, I just took the FE Exam and found it hard to find the right resources. Obviously you can use well organized textbooks like the Lindenberg book, which have a great

Mechanical or Electrical engineering? : r/AskEngineers - Reddit Hello everyone, I have a bit of a dilemma I'm torn between choosing mechanical or electrical engineering for my major. I have some classes lower division classes for electrical.

Please help me decide which mechanical keyboard I should get. I don't have much experience with mechanical keyboards; the only one I have owned is the Logitech g613. I've been looking to get my first custom mechanical keyboard that is full size,

r/rideslips - Reddit r/rideslips: Rollercoasters, waterslides, mechanical bulls, slingshot, droppers anything you find at an amusement or festival that causes a wardrobe

Whats a mechanical fall and whats a non-mechanical fall?nnn Mechanical fall is basically due to an action.. "I tripped" "I missed a step on the stairs".. non-mechanical is something related to another factor and requires more workup such

What are good masters to combine with mechanical engineering A master's in mechanical engineering has a few key roles: it teaches you the research process (critical for getting into any kind of R&D), and it helps you specialize your skillset. Fields like

Is Mechanical Engineering worth it? : r/MechanicalEngineering Mechanical engineering salaries largely vary based on a number of factors including company, industry, experience, location, etc.. If you're really curious, go on levels.fyi and see what

The ME Hang Out - Reddit I am a mechanical engineer having 3.5 years of experience, currently working in aviation industry. I have a youtube channel related to ME. If you are a student or a working engineer, what do

Turkkit - Reddit Amazon Mechanical Turk (mTurk) is a website for completing tasks for pay. The tasks vary greatly and you will find all kinds of tasks to complete, including transcription, writing, tagging, editing,

Best Mechanical Keyboard Posts - Reddit My wife hates my mechanical keyboard - is divorce the only option? We both share the same office space and my keyboard is a wee bit loud. Her colleagues hear it on calls too. I'm using

How I passed the Mechanical FE Exam (Detailed Resource Guide Hi, I just took the FE Exam and found it hard to find the right resources. Obviously you can use well organized textbooks like the Lindenberg book, which have a great

Mechanical or Electrical engineering? : r/AskEngineers - Reddit Hello everyone, I have a bit of a dilemma I'm torn between choosing mechanical or electrical engineering for my major. I have some classes lower division classes for electrical.

Please help me decide which mechanical keyboard I should get. I don't have much experience with mechanical keyboards; the only one I have owned is the Logitech g613. I've been looking to get

my first custom mechanical keyboard that is full size,

r/rideslips - Reddit r/rideslips: Rollercoasters, waterslides, mechanical bulls, slingshot, droppers anything you find at an amusement or festival that causes a wardrobe

Whats a mechanical fall and whats a non-mechanical fall?nnn - Reddit Mechanical fall is basically due to an action.. "I tripped" "I missed a step on the stairs".. non-mechanical is something related to another factor and requires more workup such

What are good masters to combine with mechanical engineering A master's in mechanical engineering has a few key roles: it teaches you the research process (critical for getting into any kind of R&D), and it helps you specialize your skillset. Fields like

Is Mechanical Engineering worth it? : r/MechanicalEngineering Mechanical engineering salaries largely vary based on a number of factors including company, industry, experience, location, etc.. If you're really curious, go on levels.fyi and see what

The ME Hang Out - Reddit I am a mechanical engineer having 3.5 years of experience, currently working in aviation industry. I have a youtube channel related to ME. If you are a student or a working engineer, what do

Turkkit - Reddit Amazon Mechanical Turk (mTurk) is a website for completing tasks for pay. The tasks vary greatly and you will find all kinds of tasks to complete, including transcription, writing, tagging, editing,

Best Mechanical Keyboard Posts - Reddit My wife hates my mechanical keyboard - is divorce the only option? We both share the same office space and my keyboard is a wee bit loud. Her colleagues hear it on calls too. I'm using

Related to mechanical cervical traction protocol

What to Know About Neck Traction (Cervical Traction) (WebMD2mon) What Is Neck Traction (Cervical Traction)? Neck traction, also called cervical traction, is a type of stretching that is often used for neck pain. The term traction can mean different things in health

What to Know About Neck Traction (Cervical Traction) (WebMD2mon) What Is Neck Traction (Cervical Traction)? Neck traction, also called cervical traction, is a type of stretching that is often used for neck pain. The term traction can mean different things in health

Back to Home: <https://admin.nordenson.com>